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Full Supply of
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Extra Fine Linen Shield Bosom,
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A DOZEN!
THE BEST!
THE "HAGERSTOWN" DRILL
THE "VICTOR"
DOUBLE HULLER
Clover Machine.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
VICTOR
Wm. Wible, Agent,
IMPORTANT TO
MILL-OWNERS!
BURNHAM'S TURBINE
STANDARD
MILLS COMPLETE
NEW STOCK.
Mrs. A. C. Kalbfleisch
OTS AND SHOES,
UORS, WINES, &C
OOK HERE!
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BUGGIES,
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WASHINGTON, D. C.,
HAS A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT
$2.50 PER DAY.
Tremont House.
FOR SALE.
PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.
Great Bargains!
J. L. SCHICK
Selling at Low Prices
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CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Opposite the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
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THE PUBLIC SERVED IN THE BEST MANNER AT ALL HOURS.
L. STROUSE.
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The Gettysburg Compiler
IS PUBLISHED THURSDAY
BY H. J. STAHLE.

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Office on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. | GETTYSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1879. | NUMBER 49. SIXTY-FIRST YEAR.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office on West Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. Professional attention given to the cure of Women and Children. April 6, 1877. tf

Dr. A. P. Beaver,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office opposite the Lutheran church. Office and all calls promptly attended to. April 17, 1879. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate
HAS resumed the practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, Chambersburg street, formerly occupied by Dr. Stallsmith. March 8, 1878. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING GONE TO FORT SCHLEY, offers his professional services to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity. Office at his residence, Baltimore street, opposite the Lutheran church. April 12, 1878. tf

Dr. J. J. Witzer,
OF Baltimore, late of Gettysburg, will visit Gettysburg professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month, and other intermediate days as his business may require. July 22, 1878. tf

J. Lawrence Hill M. D.,
DENTIST, has located on the corner of the Lutheran church and Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where he will be glad to wait on his friends and the public generally, with a full supply of the latest improved Dental Materials and Appliances, and will perform all operations in his profession with skill and care. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D. Gettysburg, April 1, '78.

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
DENTIST, would respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he will be in GETTYSBURG on Tuesday, in NEW OXFORD on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, and in BONNAUGHTOWN on Saturday of each week, to perform all work in his line of business. Charges moderate and all work guaranteed. Office in building on High street, a few doors west of the Catholic church, in New Oxford, opposite the Lutheran church; in Bonnaughtown at Dr. T. O. Kinney's. March 20, 1879. tf

Dr. T. V. S. Quigley,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity. An experience of 25 years in hospital and general practice. Chronic diseases of the Throat, Lungs and diseases of Children a specialty. Office and residence in S. E. corner of public square. March 14, 1878. tf

Dr. John J. Brown,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR, (formerly United States Assistant University Hospital, Baltimore, Md.,) HAMPTON, ADAMS COUNTY, PA., Respectfully invites all persons afflicted with chronic diseases to consult him by mail. Dr. Brown's Great Dyspepsia Remedy for all stomach disorders, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of $1.00. Chronic Diseases a Specialty. Address, Dr. JOHN J. BROWN, Hampton, Adams Co., Pa. June 2, 1879. tf

Dr. George L. Rice,
CORONER OF ADAMS COUNTY, OFFICE in McSherry's Store. Will attend promptly to any part of the county. Specialty—Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. April 3, 1879. tf

ROBERT HORNER. J. M. RABENAUGH.
Drs. Horner & Rabenaugh,
PROFESSIONAL OFFICE in the Sherry building, GETTYSBURG, PA. Feb. 1, 1877. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal
OFFICE on BALTIMORE STREET, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 9, 1875. tf

Dr. J. E. Gilbert
HAS opened an office for the Practice of Medicine in Long Lane, opposite the Gettysburg Hotel. March 29, 1878. tf

Wm. McSherry, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office in Sherry's building, Baltimore street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall. Dec. 3, 1875. tf

J. C. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in the Diamond, Gettysburg, Sept. 23, 1875. tf

David Wills,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Business will receive prompt attention. Office in residence, southeast corner of the Diamond. Jan. 20, 1875. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
(Successor to H. B. Wood, Esq.) ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to the second story of Spangler's building, in the room lately occupied by H. B. Wood, Esq., where he will promptly attend to all business and other business entrusted to him. Gettysburg, May 4, 1878. tf

S. M. SWOPE, EDW. J. COX.
Attorneys at Law,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
COLLECTIONS and all legal business promptly attended to. Office—Baltimore street, east side, near the Diamond. May 16, 1878. tf

Hart Gilbert,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office with Judge Wills, southeast corner of the Diamond. Gettysburg, Aug. 2, 1878. tf

John M. Krauth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office—Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. July 16, 1877. tf

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Jacob's Store, Chambersburg street. Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business attended to in Adams county. Back pay and Damages against United States and claims, promptly and efficiently attended to. Land Warrants located, and choice farms in Kansas and other Western States. July 16, 1878. tf

D. M. Wilson,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office in Mrs. Matthew's building, Northwest corner of the Diamond. March 21, 1878. tf

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Baltimore street, next door to Residence. Gettysburg, Sept. 23, 1878. tf

Real and Personal Property
AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Assignee of JOHN L. BURKHART and WIFE, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz.:

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., on the Carlisle pike, about 7 miles south of Hampton, adjoining lands of Daniel Bowers, Henry Wolf, Stock Martin Gantzer and others, containing 5 ACRES AND 12 PERCHES, more or less, improved with a Two story Weather-boarded DWELLING HOUSE, Summer Kitchen and Shop, Cistern, Barn, Corn Crib, Partridge House, Hog Pen and other out buildings. A never-failing well of good water with pump near the door, and a young apple orchard and other choice fruit.

No. 2. A TRACT OF LAND, near No. 1, on the New Oxford road, adjoining lands of Stock, William Harper and others, containing 5 ACRES AND 19 PERCHES, more or less.

No. 3. A TRACT OF LAND, on the Carlisle pike, in the vicinity of the above, adjoining Martin Gantzer, Samuel Crouse, Henry Hesse and others, containing 10 ACRES AND 13 PERCHES, more or less, having a young thrifty apple orchard thereon.

No. 4. A TRACT OF LAND, adjoining the above pike, adjoining lands of Samuel Musser, Henry Bower and others, containing 20 ACRES AND 145 PERCHES, more or less, improved with a large and well-built Stone Dwelling House, which should attract the attention of the capitalist in search of a desirable home, and contiguous to excellent Churches, Schools, Stores, &c. This tract is admirable for building purposes, being in the direction of the property and improvements which must follow the extension of the Railroad from Gettysburg to Hanover, and is within a short walk of the Court-house.

At the same time and place, will be sold, 1 ROCKAWAY BUGGY and Harness, Sickles, Grain Cradle and Scythes, Mattock and Wedges, Grindstone, Crosscut Saw, lot of Posts, Hatchel and Jack Mountain, Carpenter Tools, Ladder, Cook Stove and fixtures, Tin and Ink Stoves and Pipe, Copper Kettle, Butter tubs and Bedding, Table, Chairs, Desk, Clock, Fat Pigs, Alum Copper Machine, Sled, Plows and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ISRAEL NAGLE, Assignee.

July 17, 1879. ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, in pursuance of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of DAVID L. ZIEGLER, late of Cumberland township, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz.:

A FARM, situate in Reading township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Gettysburg to Dillsburg, about midway between the town and Mount Pleasant, containing 90 ACRES, more or less, of which about 60 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance is timber land, and contiguous to excellent Churches, Schools, Stores, &c. This farm is admirable for building purposes, being in the direction of the property and improvements which must follow the extension of the Railroad from Gettysburg to Hanover, and is within a short walk of the Court-house.

At the same time and place, will be sold, 1 GOOD WORKING HORSE, Harness, Wagon and Sled, Corn Planter and Cultivator, Harrow, Mowing Machine, Hay Tedder, Hay Rake, Cross Cut Saw, Cider Mill and Screw, Cow Chain, Ladders, Shovels, Forks, Hoes, Grain Cradle and Scythes, Chain and Hooks, Log Chain, Spring Balance, Stove and Pipe, Copper Kettle, Tubs and Buckets, Table, Chairs, Desk, Clock, Fat Pigs, Alum Copper Machine, Sled, Plows and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN C. FUHRMAN, Administrator.

By the Court—J. C. PETERSON, Clerk.

Aug. 21, 1879. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Agent for the heirs of ABRAHAM HOFFMAN, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Middletown, Adams county, Pa., fronting on the street leading to Bendersville, adjoining lots of J. A. Beard and Amos Swoope, improved with a Two story BRICK DWELLING, with a one and a half story Kitchen attached, Stable, Hen House and other out buildings. Also A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Reading township, Adams county, containing 3 ACRES, more or less, covered with Timber and under good fencing. This property will be sold entire or in five lots to suit purchasers. Possession will be given to the purchaser or purchasers immediately. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN, Agent.

July 21, 1879. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Agent for the heirs of ABRAHAM HOFFMAN, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Middletown, Adams county, Pa., fronting on the street leading to Bendersville, adjoining lots of J. A. Beard and Amos Swoope, improved with a Two story BRICK DWELLING, with a one and a half story Kitchen attached, Stable, Hen House and other out buildings. Also A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Reading township, Adams county, containing 3 ACRES, more or less, covered with Timber and under good fencing. This property will be sold entire or in five lots to suit purchasers. Possession will be given to the purchaser or purchasers immediately. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN, Agent.

July 21, 1879. ts

Miscellaneous.

THE CHURCH AT SHIPPENSBURG.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

THE VILLAGE CHURCH.

Lying out of a pillared dome
Of arches grand and stately;
Of splendors rate which mark the home,
Where worshipers come thee come,
With needy hearts, the truth to win,
The grace which gives them spirits meet.
The strength they need to gently.

No pictures there on frescoed wall,
No organ softly pealing;
No chaste though which the sunbeams fall
Like the one of fire, pervading all,
With ever changing hues of light,
Are new prism units the sight,
Each one was fair to revealing.

But where the hills in grandeur rise
More lofty than a steeple,
A little church of modest size,
With space pointing toward the skies
Stands 'neath the heavens, fair and low,
With form of perfect symmetry,—
A Mecca for the people.

Through sole I not glass the sun-beam fall,
Chastened and sweetly
And softly touch the faithful wall,
Casting a million hues on all,
That in the pure heart joy to view.
The altar, pulpit, and the pew,
The carpet flowed neatly.

I can hardly one tint of its and near,
Altered since they enter,
Where the word of truth and grace they hear,
Which makes the path of duty clear,
And teaches them the way I pass plan.
To one form death need fall in man,
Of which Christ is the centre.

Those are men the people come
From home of the round of studies,
To attend to do their careful home,
Lest death fore visits the room,
Where the time is for our soul, for ever.
Wishing not was dimmed with sorrow's mist—
Shall shine with endless clear.

AGNES.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

South Mountain Rambles.

NO. XV.

ON THE NORTH RIDGE.

Sometimes, when we wish to take a long ramble, we ascend the top of the ridge north of the B. mansion. The ascent is long and steep, and we make it carefully, stopping occasionally to recover breath. Having reached the first bench or flat we follow a small depression through which a little rill of water with difficulty makes its way. This leads us to Arctic Spring, on the second bench of this mountain ridge. At this secluded spot we rest awhile, sitting on rustic stone seats beneath a venerable chestnut tree, and quench our thirst with the delicious water. Our path is now a road, rough and steep, made and used by the mountain folk to gather posts and rails. How they succeed in safely wagoning over such roads is beyond our knowledge. To us it seems an impossibility. But the mountain folk are venturesome, and succeed where others would not even make an attempt.

After another long climb we reach the top of the ridge. Here we turn to the left, facing towards the west. The southern base of the ridge on which we stand is washed by the waters of Marsh Creek. The northern base has for a short distance a little stream known as Trout Run. Further on in the mountain this run disappears from sight, though its presence is made known to the ear. It is thence named Lost Creek.

The top of the ridge is at first a narrow flat, gradually widening as we pass along. An old road, from appearances long disused, carrying with it the mountain but keeping always on its top, is our pathway. This road is in excellent condition, its location saving it from the wash to which the roads on the sides of the mountain are constantly exposed. Because of its long disuse it is overgrown with moss, yielding to our feet like a soft carpet. The overarching trees shelter us from the rays of the sun. As we stroll along we gather a bouquet of beautiful wild flowers, among them the mountain laurel, lily. Sometimes we disturb unwittingly the timorous Pheasant, that startles us as it unexpectedly rises from its covert near our feet and whirs into another hiding place a short distance beyond. Occasionally we come to an outcropping ledge of rock, now by the tight, then to the left of our pathway. It always requires us to stop awhile at such a spot. Often the rocky ledge projects over the side of the mountain, and is broken into huge masses, the fragments being scattered about and piled one upon the other in wonderful confusion. Climbing the most accessible pinnacle we stand upon a dizzy height, overtopping the trees. Facing the north we look into the very heart of the South Mountain chain. Ridge upon ridge presents itself to view, all together having an undulating appearance like the waves of the sea. As far as the eye can reach there is a wilderness of trees. Floating high in the air we see large birds, now swooping downward into some valley out of sight, then rising and soaring aloft until they look like dark spots in the sky. The only sound we hear is the wind swaying the tree tops. The lull and noise of the busy world do not reach those vast solitudes.

Returning to our path we follow withersoever it leads. Through the trees to the left a brighter light is shining, indicating some open spot. Turning thither we come to what was once a cultivated field, yet partly fenced in, and still showing the furrows made by the plow. A few apple trees, suffering from long neglect, are standing near a mass of rubbish that may be the remains of a little log cabin. A short distance away there is a spring overgrown with thorny vines and blackberry bushes. Scattered through the field are small trees, showing that years have passed since it was abandoned and left to return to its original wild state. A slight curve in the mountain gives this desolate field a south-eastern exposure. Looking in that direction we see the gap through which Marsh Creek escapes from the mountain. Beyond the gap lies a large portion of Adams county, appearing like a vast level plain. Our point of view gives this plain the shape of an immense triangle, the broad base lying in the dim distance. On a clear day we have a view of Gettysburg. This battle-famed town appears as if nestling at the foot of a range of highly gray hills. To the right and left we seem to see vast forests. At intervals a line of light dashes skyward, caused by the sun shining on the soldier's monument.

We linger long at this spot, charmed by the grandeur of the scenery near and far. Resolving to revisit it, we move onward and find that the top of the mountain expands into large flat. We come to a tract over which a destructive fire swept a few months ago. The odor of the conflagration lingers there still. The ground is covered with charred leaves and ashes. The chestnut sprouts abounding in this tract, and the tall trees, are leafless and lifeless. A feeling of sadness steals over us as we look upon the scene of desolation, and think of the destruction of so many beautiful forms of vegetation. Hurrying away from this region of death we come to cultivated fields and habitations. The hardy mountaineers dwell in comfortable log cabins. The soil, though stony, is fertile, and produces good crops of grass, wheat and corn. The mountain folk have strong home attachments, and are upon the whole as content with their lot as other people. The *chief* products of these high places of the earth are posts, rails, berries and children. Leaving these peaceful homes we enter again into the thick woods. Now the soil becomes marshy; springs abound; brooklets form and then hurry down with many a ripple and plunge into the creeks of the valleys. Turning sharply to the left, we follow a path rapidly descending the side of the mountain, sometimes with so steep a decline that were it not for our long and stout alpen-stocks we could not keep erect, nor stay our steps. At last we come to the familiar banks of Marsh Creek, and soon reach our homely, somewhat weary, but delighted with our long morning ramble.

RAMBLER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

EMMITSBURG, Aug. 27, 1879.

DEAR COMPILER:—It is not my intention to occupy much of your space or time with this communication. I will ask only a small space this time.

Your readers are no doubt aware of the existence of the Emerald Beneficial Association, an organization that has its branches in most of the Middle, Northern and Western States, and the Dominion of Canada; but without knowing what are its objects or aims.

The principles of the organization are Faith, Hope and Charity. To assist the needy, instruct the ignorant, comfort the afflicted, visit the sick, assist each other to obtain employment, bury the dead, &c., are the foundation stones on which the Association is built.

It is not, as its name would seem to indicate, a national organization.—Practical Catholics of all nationalities are welcomed to its ranks; and as it is a Catholic Organization, none but Practical Catholics can become members.

The Union is not only benevolent and charitable, but Literary as well; and organized for the benefit of mankind in general, and for its own members in particular.

It introduces literary exercises, such as readings, debates, essays, recitations, music, &c., into all the Subordinate Branches. The education and training of the minds of its members is one of far greater importance than that of any other feature of Catholic Societies.

In our Republic, where the people elect their own rulers and make their own laws, it is absolutely and indispensably necessary that the masses be educated, and their minds stored with useful knowledge, so as to be able to act intelligently, and to express their thoughts clearly and logically, in public and private. Its Literary department being a specialty, makes the E. B. A. one of the best, if not *the very best*, association to which the mechanic or laboring man can attach himself.

The first Branch of the E. B. A. in Maryland was organized and located at Emmitsburg, on the evening of the 28th last., by Joseph A. Coulden, Esq., International President of the Grand Branch E. B. A. of North America.

The Branch in Emmitsburg is the nucleus from which, I am confident, a number of Subordinate Branches will soon spring. The officers of the Branch at Emmitsburg are as follows: Thomas Bussey, Pres.; John Seabold, Vice Pres.; Edward McIntire, Sec.; Fik. Kerrigan, Cor. Sec.; John Long, Treas.; Clifford Seltzer, Marshal; L. A. F. Baker, Asst. Marshal; and Thomas Rider, Messenger.

The new Presbyterian Church is completed, and presents a very beautiful appearance, and is quite an ornament to our town. The new building of the Messrs. Annan is nearing completion, and is quite an improvement to the square. The School Commissioners propose building a fine new Public School House in our town this fall, all of which, taken together, will, I fear, destroy the sobriquet of "Finished City," which so long applied to Emmitsburg.

ALPHA.

JOHN C. ARNOLD, a San Francisco actor, got very drunk at San Jose, three years ago. On the following morning a dead body, bearing such strong resemblance to Arnold that it was at once identified by many persons as his, was found in a suburban almond orchard. A slightly crippled leg, traces of paralysis, and a cast in the right eye were marks which, besides a general likeness, led a jury to decide that the remains were those of Arnold. A bullet hole in the head showed the cause of death. Now, Arnold returns to San Francisco, and says that, on the occasion of the San Jose spree he met the man afterward found dead, that they were attracted at once by their close resemblance to each other, and that while spending the night with a number of young men his double was accidentally shot. Fearing implication in the matter, he had retreated to Southern California.

MRS. GODINGTON'S grandson graduates to-day, and the old lady is quite beside herself with joy. She told us the other evening, as she fanned herself with a feather fan that she has cherished, as she says, "high on to forty year" that "the dear boy is a member of the dinner class, and she is going out to see him gravitated by his alma martyr." She said she hoped it wouldn't hurt the dear boy much, for if anything serious should happen to him, she added, "I should never forgive myself for letting him to the universalist; he'd better have no edification at all."

A LITTLE fellow rushed into the street to look at a monkey that accompanied an organ grinder who was playing in an adjoining block. Never having perused the "Origin of Man," he gazed in wonder and admiration a few moments, and then rushing into the house he met his grandmother, to whom he addressed this inquiry: "Grandmother, who made monkeys?" "God, my boy," replied the old lady in her usual cheerful way. "Well," said the grandson, "I'll bet God laughed when he got the first monkey done."

A COUNTRYMAN, seating himself at a fashionable restaurant, with the intention of taking a hearty dinner, summoned a waiter and made known his purpose. The latter skipped briskly away, and finally returned with a handsomely bound bill of fare, which he opened and placed before the guest, who, pushing it away, scornfully observed: "Oh, come now, you can't cram me literature down me; vittals is what I want—vittals—and pretty derned quick, too!"

MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON'S winter home in Louisiana is described as a very beautiful one, surrounded by the flowers of which he is extravagantly fond. Mr. Jefferson's eldest son occupies the place and grows quantities of rice, sugar, cotton and oranges.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

AN EXPLANATION NEEDED.

In no one particular have the status and editors of the Republican party been more vociferously persistent than in their professions of devotion to the welfare and enlightenment of the poorer and humbler classes of the people. The air has been filled with their continuous self-glorification in this behalf. In obedience, they say, to the teachings of the Declaration of American Independence that all men are born free and equal, they freed the negro, clothed him with all the rights of citizenship, and made him the equal, in all respects, of his haughty and aristocratic master. They have invited the poor, and humble and down-trodden of all colors, creeds and conditions to enlist under their banner and fight in the great cause of liberty, equality and fraternity; they have enacted civil rights bills and other laws, having for their aim, they say, not merely political but social equality, inflicting pains and penalties upon recalcitrant publicans and sinners, who should refuse to admit the glorious principle "that one man is as good as another, if not better." It is true that some suspicious and evil-disposed persons, incapable of appreciating the glorious mission and noble aspirations of the Republican party, have been base enough to hint that the real object of this legislation was the perpetuation of Republican power in the South; but of course there are people who always will give a false coloring and impute base motives to the purest and most disinterested actions. But the strangest thing of all is, that whilst the wise men of the East, to wit, New England, have been so long and so characteristically engaged in teaching us how to mind our own business, Senator Wallace and a few other Democrats, doubtless actuated by the laudable desire of witnessing the workings of equal rights and universal suffrage in the land whence its great apostles have come to enlighten us, have been lately making some inquiries into the *modus operandi* of conducting elections in New England, and have elicited the startling fact that universal suffrage does *not* by any means universally obtain in that region; that in Rhode Island, for instance, many of the most intelligent and useful citizens, many who purified their lives in defence of the Union, are not permitted to vote; that there is attached to the right of suffrage a property qualification, the practical effect of which is to exclude from the ballot men who have filled high official position. It would certainly seem in order for these New England philanthropists who have so long been engaged in instructing us about our affairs, to enlighten us somewhat concerning their own; else the to may not be wanting persons who will quote as a case in point the account of a certain lady who so assiduously devoted her time and talents to the evangelization of the benighted heathen who dwell in Boriboolagha, to the utter neglect of the comfort, well-being and happiness of her own immediate household.

Perhaps it may be that this apparent inconsistency between preaching and practice may be reconciled on the ground that universal suffrage in Rhode Island would endanger the supremacy of the Republican party there; a result, in the language of Dogberry, "most tolerable and not to be endured." If this is the fact let them say so and have done with it. But in mercy's name, let them cease prating about civil rights and equality before the law, whilst in Republican strongholds in New England hundreds of intelligent white citizens have not the same rights and privileges which the law accords to the paupers and most ignorant negro in New England or Virginia.

CHANGE OF TUNE.—Just before sundown the other evening a young farmer came in on the Grand River road with horse and buggy, and meeting a policeman near Twentieth street, asked him to drink. The officer explained that it could not be done, and the former continued:

"All right—no harm done. The harvest is over, the crops are safe, and I've come to town to get drunk and lick a man!"

About two hours later a horse and buggy obstructed the car track near Twelfth street, and when the conductor got down he found the young farmer lying around loose in the bottom of the buggy, feet and hands sprawled every which way. His face was so badly pounded up that it was at first thought he was dead, but after being lifted out and stretched around, he opened his eyes and called out:

"The harvest is over, the crops are safe, and I've licked a man all I want to for fifty years to come."—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE RIGHT OF WAY IN DRIVING.—Judge Bingo, who is one of the soundest men on the bench in Iowa, in the road case in the Grundy Circuit Court, said that it is the privilege of one who desires to drive faster than another to do so, and he may legally pass the other by turning out to the right-hand side of the other party, and the other party has no right to prevent him from so doing, and any act which would tend to hinder or delay him would be a technical trespass for which he would be liable. A party will not be justified when he desires to pass him in driving up a lane way and then stopping or slacking up, and when he makes the party again attempts to pass, to once more start up to run, and the party so doing will be liable to answer for damages.

EDWIN SMITH, a farmer, who lives seven miles south of Adrian, Mich., and who is forty-seven years of age, has a black, silky beard seven feet six and a half inches long. As his height is six feet his whiskers sweep the floor when down, though he, of course, keeps them done up with hair-pins and hands most of the time. His twin brother, Edward, has been twenty years in raising a beard five inches long. Edwin attributes the wonderful growth to having clipped the fuz from his face when a child. He is a well-to-do farmer, and would not think of organizing himself into a show.

WHERE THE DANGER LIES.—As property interests eighteen years ago impelled the South to make a mad effort to destroy the Union, so property interests now constrain the South to uphold the Union. Hartford Convention Federalism is more likely to break out again in New England during the present century than is the spirit of 1861 to take possession again of the South or of any State in the South.—*N. Y. World.*

WHEN a man collides with a bumble-bee he generally quotes Shakspeare as follows: "Damned bee."—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.* Presuming, of course, that the bee is "hold enough" to understand him.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

PENNSYLVANIA tramps are flocking to New Jersey.

COL. HALLER AT HOME.

Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIEND STAHLE: For more than thirty years I have been a reader of the COMPILER, and during that time have not failed to notice that you are ever ready to say a good word of a deserving son of old Pennsylvania when an opportunity offers, and just now a case has come under my observation that cannot fail to interest your readers and gratify the old friends of the subject. More than forty years ago a noble son of old York entered his country's service, and during the wars in Florida and the war with Mexico rendered valuable service, and is often mentioned in the various army reports and the histories for gallantry in active service.

In 1853 he was ordered to the Pacific coast, and in 1856 arrived on Puget Sound, where his presence saved the lives of the settlers and their families and protected their homes and property from the savages, a service that will long be remembered by the old settlers, who know the value of the service rendered, and appreciate it. In the same year and the summer that followed he was engaged in the campaign against the Yakamas, Klikatates and other bands of hostile Indians east of the Cascades, where he again saw active service. That campaign is remembered as one of the hardest in this Territory. He also took an active part in the San Juan difficulty and assisted in saving to our government the San Juan group of islands, that is fast becoming a rich and populous part of our Territory. After these wars, he was ordered to Fort Mohave, Arizona, where he was engaged against the Apaches and other hostile tribes in that section until the breaking out of the rebellion in '61, when he was ordered east and participated in that unpleasantness, serving his country well in many a hotly contested battle, including that of Gettysburg, which was the last, though not the least, of his active service, at least for a time. And during the twenty-five years of active service this true son of Pennsylvania had faced the enemies of his country on many a hard fought battlefield, and many were his comrades, at times, who met death honorably, face to face with their foe, while his life was spared for a greater calamity than theirs, for death on the battlefield is far preferable to impeached dishonor.

He was charged in some secret way with disloyalty to his country, and so quietly and well did his enemies work their plans, that before any one had an intimation of it, this officer was dismissed from the army without a word of explanation or a copy of the charges. Stanton had ordered it, and this son of little York was a Democrat and an admirer of McClellan. It was unnecessary to know who his accuser was or what he was accused of. He had no rights that a Republican administration need respect; and thus for seven years the stigma of dishonor and disloyalty was allowed to darken the good name and honorable record bravely won on fields of battle through twenty-five years of active service in the United States army by Major Granville O. Haller, and against whom no word of censure had ever before been spoken.

But, "truth struck to earth shall rise again," and at last, after many unsuccessful attempts, a bill was passed by the 44th congress granting Maj. Haller a trial, and on the 4th day of May, 1879, a court of inquiry met in Washington City, composed of officers of the U. S. army authorized to examine the whole matter and report their finding, which they did, and after a full examination of the whole matter, they made a report fully and entirely exonerating Maj. Haller from all charges, and recommend the same to the President. The result was, President Hayes immediately sent the name of Granville O. Haller to the senate for reinstatement, with the rank of Colonel to date from Feb. 19, 1873; said appointment was confirmed by that body the same day, showing that those Confederate Brigadiers will do an act of justice due a Union Soldier, that the Radicals refused to do for years; not all of them, for we find Col. Haller was confirmed by the votes of some Republican Senators, who have seen service and know what is due to a man who has spent the best years of his life in his country's service.

Soon after the close of the late war Col. Haller came to Washington Territory and he ever since resided among us, where he is respected by all—and when the news of his vindication was received by his old friends and neighbors there was universal rejoicing, and when it became known that he would arrive here on Tuesday's boat, the whole town was alive with men, women and children, all anxious to see and welcome Col. Haller home and congratulate him on receiving what they all felt and know was only justice to him, for he has not his life among them proven it; and the white-haired grandfathers have not forgotten his services and acts of kindness to them and children in the trying times of 1856-7. When the steamer came around the point the gun on the hill thundered forth the salute, and on arriving at the wharf he was met by the mayor, city council and a large number of citizens, headed by a band of music, and escorted to the hotel, where speeches were made, and welcome and congratulations were showered upon the state so ably represented. The public works costing the people millions, were given away, and the treasury depleted by the repeal of the tonnage tax. New offices were created with immense emoluments and a long tenure, to which they unscrupulously appointed themselves. Corporations demanded of the legislature extraordinary privileges—they were freely granted—and in the exercise of unwarranted power, threatened the existence of individual enterprise, and, indeed, to rise paramount to constitutional authority. The Republican party was in the grasp of the ring, and the ring became, and is, the Republican party.

It is true that corporations with carefully guarded powers are necessary to carry out great enterprises, but in granting privileges superior to those enjoyed by the individual, the greatest vigilance should be exercised by the legislature, otherwise as all experience proves, having once entered the field of special privilege, their rapacity knows no limit and they become engines of oppression, crushing out every interest but their own, "gathering where they have not sown." Recently this grasping tendency of corporate power has been displayed in the great oil regions of the state.

This wonderful natural development has attracted there immense capital, the necessary and legitimate result of which has been to add largely to the material wealth of the commonwealth. There the widest field for individual enterprise has been opened. Thousands of the active men, the business men, the live men of the country, of physical and intellectual energy, have been drawn to this centre. To foster and encourage this interest by proper and protective legislation, that the producer may reap the legitimate fruits of his labor and capital, should be the first care of the commonwealth, and yet, we are assured by the appeals coming from the people of that region, that the great corporations in their discrimination against the producer and transporter have so paralyzed the enterprise of individuals as to make them their servants, "the hewers of wood and the drawers of water."

For these wrongs they must hold responsible the Republican party, which has been in full possession of the executive and legislative branches of the government.

To correct these and many other grievances, and the more effectually guard the suppression of corrupt influence upon members of the legislature, a new constitution was demanded. The very blindness of the Republican party arrested itself to appointing to the proposed reform, but the people, aroused to a sense of its importance, carried the proposition by an overwhelming majority. The new constitution was adopted. The most stringent provisions were incorporated in it to curb the encroachment of unwarranted corporate power, and seemingly impassable barriers raised to prevent the approaches of corrupt influence upon the representatives of the people. The people felt safe in its apparent protection, but how vain and futile were their hopes. Chartered monopolies refused to submit to its requirements, and the poisonous influence of the lobby again found its way into the halls of legislation. To the ring combinations in the state the constitution was but a rope of sand. Of this the proof is before the people—in the recent attempt of the master spirits of the ring, those who are recognized leaders in the Republican party, and who control its conventions and nominate its ticket, to debauch the members in the last legislature. The attempt to pass the $1,000,000 riot bill, is startling evidence before the people, and must convince every one, blinded by party prejudice that nothing but the utter exclusion of this influence, and those whom they may dictate as candidates for official position, will save the fair fame or the commonwealth, and place the revenues of the people beyond the reach of organized political corruption.

Hitherto the enemies of the honest administration of the government were notorious in their approaches to the treasury, but emboldened with long success with impunity, and the magnitude of the prize in their recent attempt upon it, they lost their usual caution and hence investigation has disclosed the actors—the ruling spirits in the iniquity. Some have been condemned in the body of which they were members, and others await their trial before a legal tribunal. Manifestly the days of the political power of the ring in Pennsylvania are drawing to a close.

The Democratic party occupies no uncertain position upon this question, but has placed itself on record before the people, in the late convention, in the following decided resolution:

"Tenth. That the recent attempt, under the personal direction of ruling Republican leaders, to debauch the legislature by wholesale bribery and corruption, and take from the commonwealth four millions of dollars for which its liability has never been ascertained, is a fresh and alarming evidence of the aggressiveness of corporate power in collusion with political rings, and should receive the signal condemnation of the people at the polls."

But what attitude does the Republican party, through its leaders, occupy on this leading, vital question of whether fraud or honesty shall be the rule in the state? It is a fact, and one which every honest Republican must admit, that the leaders and controllers of the late convention at Harrisburg, by their action compelled him as a member of the party virtually to endorse bribery and corruption, and to declare that he will not have *honest men in office.* There is for him no escape from the position in which they have placed him but to repudiate their action

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 4, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

STATE TREASURER,
DANIEL O. BARR, of Pittsburg.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
D. M. WILSON, Esq., of Gettysburg.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
GEORGE LOUGH, New Oxford Bor.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB KLUNK, of Gettysburg.

POLITICAL.—The Democratic State Committee will meet at Harrisburg next Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

IF there were not a murder in the south once a year the Republican party would die for the want of something on which to pour out its overflowing humanitarianism.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

THE appeal of the Maine Republican leaders to the Washington clerks is: "Help us, cash us, or we sink!"—*Cin. Enq.*

PERHAPS the most revolting offspring of our American civilization is the notorious clergyman. And one of the most nauseating specimens of his bad class is the Reverend Kalloch.—*Buffalo Courier.*

WE would modestly suggest to the Republican State organs that the question of honest men in office which their convention repudiated, is of more importance to Pennsylvania in the coming election than the death of Dixon at Yazoo or half a dozen desperadoes in any other part of the country.—*Patriot.*

THE Republican robbers who plundered the southern people in the name of their party are nice fellows to read their victims a homily on good morals.—*Ibid.*

PARSON NEWMAN thinks Grant won't run and so he favors Washburne.

THE Democrats of Beaver county who already have the sheriff, register, prothonotary and district attorney, come up for another round this year fresh and smiling. Go west, Mr. Quay, go west!—*Lanc. Intel.*

"POOR DIXON!" is the pathetic phrase in which Republican journals now speak of the late Yazoo bulldozer and outlaw.—*Patriot.*

WITH a thousand school districts without their appropriations testifying to the way the Radical party has managed the finances of the State, there is a tolerably fair chance of the people getting somewhat impressed with the idea that something or other has been going very much wrong.—*Williamsport Banner.*

THE most appropriate music for Republican marching campaign clubs now is the Conkling quickstep.—*Watchman.*

THE Ohio Republicans think Schurz is saying too much against Grant and too little for Foster.

BLAINE says he will carry Maine at whatever cost. He didn't use to talk about carrying it. The only question was whether it should be by twenty or thirty thousand majority. It takes money now.

SECRETARY SHERMAN has canceled his Ohio stump engagements and gone back to Washington, because people in his audiences would persist in putting vexatious inquiries to him regarding Treasury operations.

SENATOR KEENAN, of New York, says Grant could not be elected.

THE Republican politicians think better of state rights since they find that if Congress had unrestrained power over the states they might lose the electoral vote of Rhode Island.—*Patriot.*

THE Washington Greenbackers have severed from the National party and now call themselves the Union Greenback party.

IT is said that Carl Shurz will not support Grant for President under any circumstances—not even at $200 a speech.—*Bedford Gazette.*

VOTE for Barr and save the Treasury.

CALIFORNIA election yesterday, with four tickets in the field—Democratic, Republican, Workingmen's and Prohibition. Everything mixed and uncertain.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* charges the Democratic party with many wrongs; but it should bear in mind that the Democratic party never yet stole the Presidency, and then rewarded the thieves.

CHARLES COLE, ESQ., of the Frederick *Union*, has been nominated as one of the Democratic candidates for the Legislature in Frederick county. He is a sound Democrat and an honest man, and ought to be elected without fail.

SPRINGFIELD (MASS.) *Republican*: "As there are none but State issues before the people this fall in Pennsylvania, the flat refusal of the Republican convention to condemn State corruption ought to bury the party out of sight in that State next November."

IN a late interview, George W. Childs, of the *Ledger*, said that General Grant is not a candidate for a third term, and that the idea of a second re-election is repugnant to his feelings. Mr. C. also denied the rumor that he and others intended to establish a Grant organ in Washington.

THE *Lancaster Intelligencer* is "just beautiful," its new dress fitting so nicely. We congratulate Messrs. Steinman & Hensel on this substantial evidence of continued prosperity—as well as on the good taste displayed in the purchase and arrangement of the material on which their paper is now printed.

THIS is the way "Uncle Jake" Ziegler, of the Butler *Herald*, puts it: When it was necessary to admit the certificates of the election of electors from Louisiana and Florida, in order to count Hayes in, every prominent Radical politician was in favor of "state rights" and said "the sovereignty of a state could not be interfered with." Now, when they have accomplished the fraud, they talk about "national elections," as if there were no states or "state rights." We should think the people were humbugged long enough with such inconsistency.

A REPUBLICAN SLANDER.—In a lengthy editorial, one day last week, the Philadelphia *Press* said:

"Now the Democrats of Pennsylvania are, we know, not in favor of 'shot guns.' As a rule they abjure all fire-arms; they detest the 'pomp and circumstance of glorious war;' and they cling to the paths, the pursuits and the purposes of peace. This is a fixed principle of their life. Because of it they kept away from the tented field when it was the arena of patriotic service and they sulked and skulked and they sympathized with their country's enemies in arms."

The *Press* is a stalwart organ, and by it all stalwarts hereabouts swear. We would suggest to Democrats, and especially to Democratic soldiers, that they keep such slanders as the above in mind, to be used upon stalwart candidates when approached by them for votes. The season for their "sly" work is now at hand, and Democrats should be well prepared for it.

Hold the short-comings of the Republican party, or the sayings of its editors, up to stalwart candidates, and they will cease to bother or bore you instantly.

ONE of the Washington *Post's* private detectives has obtained possession of the letter written by lawyer Shellabarger to John Sherman in relation to the Cazanave matter. The letter reads as follows:

WASHINGTON, August 13, 1879.—*My Dear Secretary*: The $500 you sent me I have sent to Badger. I still hold the $1,000 sent me by the President. He reports collusion and fraud. What shall I do?

SAMUEL SHELLABARGER.

This letter proves that Mr. Hayes, after refusing to listen to Cazanave's request, became alarmed at the threat of the latter to expose the secrets of the Louisiana returning board and came down with a contribution of a thousand dollars. However, having slept on the matter he rued bargain and invented an excuse for getting back his money, which was that Cazanave had conspired with the attorneys for the returning board to bilk the administration out of $5,000. But when lawyer Shellabarger informed Cazanave that Mr. Hayes claimed that he had been informed by a detective that there was "fraud and collusion" in the matter, the desperate returning boarder raged and stormed, and Mr. Hayes' backbone weakened again. The upshot of the matter was that the $1,000 sent to Shellabarger from the White House was sent to New Orleans to be paid upon the judgment against Cazanave. Now if Mr. Hayes had the faith of an honest man in the integrity of his title he would hardly have suffered Cazanave to wring this large sum of money from him under the threat of exposing the secrets of the returning board.—*Patriot.*

EVERY WORD TRUE.—This is what Daniel O. Barr, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, says in a letter to the *Lancaster Intelligencer*, and we hope every Democrat in Adams county will take his words to heart and try to carry them into practice:

It is a business proposition that the press will be effective, capable and influential, just in proportion as it is liberally and justly sustained. Without its active co-operation, our political organization would lose its efficiency, discipline *and courage under defeat.* As we have had something more than our share of defeats in Pennsylvania, the duty of facing reverses with manliness and determination has been the touch-stone of fidelity to the party, and in doing this, and in encouraging the Democracy to renewed exertions for the cause, the Democratic press has rendered its most conspicuous service. Especially in view of the great battle of next year should the active Democrats of every county of the state set about the practical and important work of getting a Democratic journal into every Democratic household of the commonwealth, as well as into the households of as many of our Republican and National friends as they can accomplish. It is the best mode of electioneering, as it elevates all efforts in that line to the plane of reasoning and thinking.

IF THAT IS THE CAUSE PUT THE BLAME WHERE IT BELONGS.—Now-a-days when any offence against the laws of the United States is committed and the offender escapes from the officers whose business it is to arrest him the blame is at once laid at the door of Congress by the Republican newspapers. "No appropriation!" is the lugubrious cry of the hypocritical editors. They must suppose the American people to be afflicted with an utter want of memory, else they could not have the effrontery to charge the failure of appropriations to Congress. Every necessary appropriation bill was passed by Congress, but the fraudulent President defeated their action by his veto because he could not have the appropriation bills passed to suit his fastidious, political notions. It is the Republican Mr. Hayes who is responsible for the failure of the Marshals' appropriation bill and not Congress. Let this fact be remembered.

REPUBLICAN HONESTY.—Monroe county, New York, is divided by Republican supervisors into three legislative districts—one including the city of Rochester and containing 87,722 inhabitants; the other two embracing the remainder of the county, one containing 24,091 inhabitants, the other 29,162, and together 53,162, or 34,560 *less* than the one first mentioned. The Rochester district sends a Democratic member to the Legislature, while each of the other two sends a Republican. One part of the county, because it is Democratic in its majority, sends one Representative; the other part, though containing less than two-thirds as many inhabitants, sends two Representatives because it is Republican.

IT has been suggested that this Democratic Congress might save some public money by enacting a law providing for the stoppage of the salaries of big officials when they are not on duty. It would reach the case of such fellows as Stoughton. This distinguished diplomat has been absent from St. Petersburg since last April drawing pay at the rate of $17,500 a year. A better plan would be to cut off the heads of all foreign Ministers and turn their work over to the office boys.

DECENCY HAS MOVED OUT.—Roscoe Conkling has been chosen a delegate to the New York Republican State Convention. After what has transpired, if Mr. Conkling retains his ascendency in the Republican councils of New York, it must be because the majority of the decent members of the party have moved out. It will be a crucial test of the quality of Republicanism in the "Empire State" whether or not it submits longer to leadership which anywhere else would be cast off with unmistakable loathing.—*Boston Transcript.*

IT was the passage of the bill remonetizing silver, by a Democratic Congress, which John Sherman and the Hayes' administration opposed, that assured resumption. In July, 1864, a dollar in gold cost $2.85 in legal tender. In January, 1879, a dollar in gold was worth just $1.00 in greenbacks, or $1.00 in silver. If the administration would discharge its duty and put into circulation the money hoarded at Washington and in the money centres, good times would improve more rapidly and become a fixed fact.

OHIO Republicans are ingenious fellows. They have suddenly quit denouncing the Greenbackers in that State as the spawn of the Democratic party, and they now gravely assert that the Greenbackers were originally Republicans who were drawn from their allegiance by hard times and the acuteness of Democratic trimmers.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY IN WILMINGTON.—Wilmington, Del., September 3.—The municipal election to-day resulted in a sweeping Democratic victory. Harry Sharpley was elected president of the council by 394 majority and John Guthrie city treasurer by 168 majority. The new council will stand 15 Democrats to 6 Republicans.

THE case of Kemble, McCune, Lane and others, against whom bills of indictment were found last week by the grand jury of Dauphin county, for bribery, &c., in connection with the Pittsburg riot bill, were postponed till the November term of court.

FEDERAL SUPERVISORS IN NEW ENGLAND.—The following is from the Springfield *Republican*, an independent Republican journal:

The plain, unvarnished truth stands out boldly in evidence that some of our professedly best men who are prominent manufacturers practically forbid their employes from exercising the right of suffrage free from interference. It is a disgraceful state of affairs, but we are forced to the admission that the Federal supervisors were employed not to keep peace at the polls, but to keep anti-Republican voters away; that these supervisors, instead of preventing fraud, encouraged it by failing to prosecute all opposed to the Republican candidates. It is a fact developed by Senator Wallace's committee that no matter who offered a Republican ballot it was accepted and no questions asked; whereas some of the best men, socially and morally, and all others who were at all active in opposition to the Republican party, were carefully watched, and their every move dogged by paid spotters.

Democrats should keep such facts in memory, so as to have them handy when approached by "stalwart" Republican candidates for votes.

WENDELL PHILLIPS has a plain way of speaking. Of the Hayes administration he says: "While this Administration of corrupt bargain and sale—a willing prostitute—lasts, I blush to be an American citizen;" and of the Republican party itself he says: "No party in our history has ever fallen from such a height, or to such depth of disgrace. I have watched politics for fifty years; and my judgment is that the fault of this party is one-third ignorance and two-thirds knavery."

TELL BOTH SIDES OF THE STORY!—We hear much about rebel brigadiers in Congress, but little concerning the one in the cabinet. Can any of our Republican cotemporaries tell us why it is wrong for the Southern people to elect rebel generals to office, and right for Mr. Hayes to appoint a rebel general as one of his official advisers, and place him at the head of the post-office department?

WHAT have Republicans, while in control of national legislation, done to benefit the country? Simply nothing. They have robbed the Treasury indiscriminately, by the process of jobbery and pandering to the interests of the lobby. The odor of corruption during Grant's administration will cling to them indelibitely. Belknap, Robeson, Grant and company have made Republicanism synonymous with every phase of corruption.—*Dubuque Telegraph.*

"MISSISSIPPI is ruled," says the *Evening Bulletin*, "not by a majority of the people, but by an oligarchy representing a small minority of the people." What kind of rule have we in Pennsylvania? The Republican party rules with its repeaters, personators, ballot box stuffers, and deputy marshals, and the Cameron clan rules the Republican party. That is an oligarchy which disgusts every honest Republican in the State.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

THE official vote of Kentucky for Governor is: Blackburn, Democrat, 125,799; Evans, Republican, 81,832; Cook, Greenback, 18,064. Blackburn's majority, 43,967. The Democratic majority four years ago for Governor was 46,181.

FOUR of the Lebanon county murderers are to be hung on the 14th of November. Two have confessed.

THE negro exodus means the conversion of useful laborers into hopeless paupers through the intervention of fanatics and thieves.—*Utica Observer.*

TWO TERRIBLE DEATHS.—A dispatch from Bradford, Pa., Sept. 2, says: Lewis Gray, aged 27, and Chas. Jones aged 21, of this city, were killed at one o'clock this morning by the explosion of sixty-nine pounds of nitro-glycerine with which they were about to torpedo an oil well at Bell's Camp, eight miles from Bradford. The men were blown into such small fragments that not a single one of many pieces of flesh found scattered around on trees and hillside could be identified as belonging to either of them. A team of horses and a buggy were also blown to atoms by the terrible explosion. It is supposed that the men were lifting one of the cans of glycerine from the buggy, when the handle gave way, with the above result. The report of the explosion was distinctly heard in this city.

JOHN B. HOOD, who died in New Orleans of yellow fever on Saturday, was the famous rebel general. His wife died on Tuesday. Her loss prostrated him, and moreover he had never fully recovered from wounds received in the late war and the amputation of an arm after the battle of Gettysburg, and of a leg after Chickamauga, where he was made a lieutenant general, and in 1864 succeeded Gen. Joe Johnston in command of the Confederate forces against Sherman. His campaigns against Sherman, Schofield and Thomas were very disastrous, and he was soon after removed from his command. He lived for a short time in Mobile after the war, but removed to New Orleans eight or ten years ago. In 1877, by a fortunate investment in Louisiana state bonds, he made some $100,000, but, continuing his speculation in the same securities, he lost not only all that had the said gained, but was plunged deeply into debt. It is understood that his straitened circumstances prevented him from removing his family from the city this summer. His daughter Lydia Hood died Sunday night. Another child is very sick.

A HOUSE belonging to Nathaniel Davies, in Palmyra township, Pike county, caught fire last Wednesday evening while Mr. Davies and his wife were attending prayer meeting. Mr. Davies's mother, a lady eighty-five years of age, had been left in charge of the premises, and in attempting to save one of the children from the fire she caught her foot between two timbers and was unable to extricate herself. She and the infant she attempted to save were literally roasted alive before assistance could be rendered. Nothing of the remains but a few bones were found after the fire had died out.

MONEY FOR COLORED VOTERS.—PITTSBURG, August 29.—The Union Republican Central Club held a stirring meeting to-night. The charge was presented by five members that Johnson and Atlee, president and treasurer respectively, had appropriated to their own use sixty-one dollars, which had been contributed to defray expenses of delegates to the recent Chambersburg Convention. A stormy discussion followed, when Johnson said that he had never received money which he had not divided among colored voters. He had received money from Republican officials to spend in their interests, and had done so. Atlee said Republicans came to him before elections and said: "Here is so much money, and I want so many men in such and such precincts," but here the speaker was choked off. Saxburn Lindsay said that the States Equal Rights League is run by five Philadelphia negroes, who get all the benefits. Johnson was finally censured and Atlee was expelled.

Two men down South a few days ago, had a quarrel and fight with revolvers, resulting in the death of both—each one deliberately murdering the other. They have a terrible state of things down South—no law, no order, but every blood-thirsty fiend on his own hook.—But, we made a little mistake in locating the bloody affair "down South"—it was in the loyal and intensely Republican State of Kansas!—*Carbon Co. Democrat.*

A CHINAMAN at Little Rock, Ark., has a book printed in 1262.

HUMPHREY'S Homeopathic Specifics and Witch-Hazel Oil. No family should be without them. They are invaluable among children. Call and get a manual giving full instructions for their use. A full assortment at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1. tf

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A STITCH in Time Saves Nine, and those raising stock, owners of milk cattle, and especially farmers getting their horses in good condition for spring work, will find this proverb true by procuring a supply of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders. They have been reduced in price, and are warranted to do as represented. Manufactured and for sale at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1.

EVERYTHING that is called a Sewing Machine for sale at low prices. Machines repaired. Address Jacob F. Thomas, Gettysburg, Pa. Ap24, tf

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WM. N. MILLER is now fully started in the Marble business at his new place, where he is prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombstones, Marble or Slate Mantels, &c., cheaper than ever, and as good work and material as can be had anywhere. Give him a call—opposite the new Methodist church, East Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. July 10, 1879. tf

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CHARLES ZIEGLER has a full and complete assortment of Builders', as well as general Hardware, which he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. Give him a call. Jy10:tf

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THE purest imported Brandies and Wines and reliable Liquors for medical purposes and family use, can be had at the Eagle Hotel. Nov. 7. tf

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REDUCTION.—John M. Huber has reduced the price of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders from 50 cents a lb to 25 cents or 5 lb for $1. These powders are warranted in every case to do as represented, or money refunded. Feb. 1. tf

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SHIPPING TO BALTIMORE.—H. S. Benner in addition to grain and produce, is shipping pork, poultry, cloverseed, &c., twice a week to Baltimore. All desiring to ship will be accommodated in the best and most satisfactory manner. Warehouse east side of Carlisle street (Col. Buehler's.) Dec. 26. tf

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ALL interested in the cultivation of Garden and Flower Seeds are cordially invited to call at John M. Huber's Drug Store, and get a descriptive pamphlet giving full instructions for their culture. A supply of Fresh Seeds of all kinds just received. mr12

EVERYONE interested in the improvement of their land and the bettering of their condition, should read and profit by the advertisement of C. J. Tyson in this issue. Mr. Abram King, whose premium field of wheat has been so much talked of, used Passmore & Cope's Phosphate. Similar and most flattering reports are coming to us from all quarters. All who have not given this popular Phosphate a trial should not fail to do so this season. May22:tf

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ANY kind of Sewing Machines can be bought the cheapest of Geo. E. Stock. D12

VIOLENT COUGHING rocks the system and brings on hemorrhage. Phoenix Pectoral cures cough, brings rest and gives strength. It tastes so pleasant that children cry for it; at Huber's. Aug.14. 1m

---

THE best Machine Oil in market to be had at C. Ziegler's New Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg. Give it a trial. Jy10.tf

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IF you wish to have your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired, call on Penrose Myers, Baltimore Street. Aug.21. 3t

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JOHN M. HUBER is agent for and keep on hand all the popular Patent Medicines of the day; also a full line of Drugs and Medicines, all which he sells cheap. Feb. 1. tf

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Use Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap, for all affections of the Skin and Scalp; also, for the Bath, Toilet and Nursery. Sold by Druggists. May 8. 10m

---

STEAM ENGINES.—The best and cheapest in the market—stationary or portable—suitable for Tanneries, Work-shops, Lime Quarries or Threshing. Any size made to order and a written guarantee given, with a paid up insurance policy for one year. For particulars, price and circulars, call on or address mar20tf WM. WIBLE, Gettysburg, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self addressed envelope to Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. Jan. 16, 1879. ly

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REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the following Administration Accounts herein after mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 7th day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz.:

84. The account of Anna Wood, Administratrix of the estate of Wm. J. A. Wood, deceased, late of Freedom township.

85. The first and final account of John D. Shaller, Administrator of the estate of Lydia Stear, late of Mount Joy twp., dec'd.

86. Account of Adolphus F. Gilt, Guardian of Josephine Hunter, informerly with Noel.

87. First account of Hon. Edward McPherson, Administrator cum testamento annexo of George Little, deceased.

SAMUEL B. HARNER,
Register.

Aug. 28, 1879. 4t

Administrator's Notice.

ANNA HAHN'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Anna Hahn, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIAS HAHN,
Administrator.

Aug. 28, 1879. 6w

WANTED.

A TEACHER for school No. 1 in Berwick Borough. Salary, $33 per month; term 5 months. A meeting of the Directors will be held Sept. 15th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in the Public School-house, in Abbottstown, to consider all applications.

J. W. HOLLINGER, Pres't.
HENRY MAYER, Sec'y. Aug. 28, '79. 2t

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SAMUEL A. BURKHOLDER.

Aug. 28, 1879. 10t

Administrator's Notice.

JOSEPH DOLL'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Doll, late of Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Cumberland township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE DOLL,
Administrator.

Aug. 14, 1879. 6w

Administrator's Notice.

WILLIAM CURRENS'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of William Currens, late of Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Highland township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAC HEREES,
Administrator.

July 31, 1879. 6w

NOTICE.

THE fifth and final account of SAMUEL BUCHER, Committee of JOHN GRINER, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on MONDAY, the 22d day of SEPTEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.

DANIEL S. CHRONISTER,
Prothonotary.

Aug. 21, 1879. 4t

Administrator's Notice.

GEORGE W. GAUL'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of George W. Gaul, late of Germany township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

S. A. KLINEFELTER,
Administrator.

Aug. 14, 1879. 6w

HUMPHREY'S Homeopathic Specifics and Witch-Hazel Oil. No family should be without them. They are invaluable among children. Call and get a manual giving full instructions for their use. A full assortment at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1. tf

---

A STITCH in Time Saves Nine, and those raising stock, owners of milk cattle, and especially farmers getting their horses in good condition for spring work, will find this proverb true by procuring a supply of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders. They have been reduced in price, and are warranted to do as represented. Manufactured and for sale at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1.

EVERYTHING that is called a Sewing Machine for sale at low prices. Machines repaired. Address Jacob F. Thomas, Gettysburg, Pa. Ap24, tf

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WM. N. MILLER is now fully started in the Marble business at his new place, where he is prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombstones, Marble or Slate Mantels, &c., cheaper than ever, and as good work and material as can be had anywhere. Give him a call—opposite the new Methodist church, East Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. July 10, 1879. tf

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CHARLES ZIEGLER has a full and complete assortment of Builders', as well as general Hardware, which he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. Give him a call. Jy10:tf

---

THE purest imported Brandies and Wines and reliable Liquors for medical purposes and family use, can be had at the Eagle Hotel. Nov. 7. tf

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REDUCTION.—John M. Huber has reduced the price of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders from 50 cents a lb to 25 cents or 5 lb for $1. These powders are warranted in every case to do as represented, or money refunded. Feb. 1. tf

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SHIPPING TO BALTIMORE.—H. S. Benner in addition to grain and produce, is shipping pork, poultry, cloverseed, &c., twice a week to Baltimore. All desiring to ship will be accommodated in the best and most satisfactory manner. Warehouse east side of Carlisle street (Col. Buehler's.) Dec. 26. tf

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ALL interested in the cultivation of Garden and Flower Seeds are cordially invited to call at John M. Huber's Drug Store, and get a descriptive pamphlet giving full instructions for their culture. A supply of Fresh Seeds of all kinds just received. mr12

EVERYONE interested in the improvement of their land and the bettering of their condition, should read and profit by the advertisement of C. J. Tyson in this issue. Mr. Abram King, whose premium field of wheat has been so much talked of, used Passmore & Cope's Phosphate. Similar and most flattering reports are coming to us from all quarters. All who have not given this popular Phosphate a trial should not fail to do so this season. May22:tf

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S. A. KLINEFELTER,
Administrator.

Aug. 14, 1879. 6w

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice that he has purchased from Andrew D. Spangler the following articles: the whole lot of Chisels, Hammers, Mallets, Files, Squares, Brimstone, Sieves, Sand, Crowbar, Rope, Derrick, Benches, Desk, Stove and all the other marble shop fixtures; also a lot of Finished and Unfinished Work, Grown-stone 42 inches, 1 Germantown Wagon, 1 Horse, 1 Spring Wagon, 2 Hogs, lot of Hay, 1 Sleigh, Saddle and Bridle, 1 set of Harness, Shovels and Fork Dough, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Howe Sewing Machine, 1 Sideboard, 1 large Looking Glass, 1 Centre Table, 1 Cook Stove and fixtures, 1 Bed and Bedstead, 1 Clock, and 1 Straw Cutter; that I do hereby declare that the articles to said Andrew D. Spangler, subject to my control and possession at all times.

MARY A. SPANGLER.

East Berlin, Aug. 26, 1879. 3w*

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

Diseases of the pulmonary organs are so prevalent and fatal, that a safe and reliable remedy for them is invaluable to every community. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is such a remedy, and no other so eminently merits the confidence of the public. It is a scientific combination of the medicinal principles and curative virtues of the finest drugs, chemically united, so as to insure the greatest possible efficacy and uniformity of results, which enables physicians as well as invalids to use it with confidence. It is the most reliable remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs that science has produced. It strikes at the foundation of all pulmonary diseases, affording prompt and certain relief, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it without difficulty. In the treatment of ordinary **Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh,** the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household, for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In **Whooping-cough** and **Consumption** there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

The marvellous cures which AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has effected all over the world are a sufficient guaranty that it will continue to produce the best results. An impartial trial will convince the most sceptical of its wonderful curative powers, as will one of its superiority over all other preparations for pulmonary complaints.

Eminent physicians in all parts of the country, knowing its composition, recommend AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL to invalids, and prescribe it in their practice. The test of half a century has proved its absolute certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints not already beyond the reach of human aid.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Cumberland School Account.

ACCOUNT of NEWTON M. HERNER, Treasurer of Cumberland school district, for the year ending first Monday of June, '79.

DR.

From E. A. Hankey, Treas. for 1878	$ 365 86
Duplicate for 1879	2,232 38
State appropriation	365 79
Old lumber	20 20
Tuition	22 00
Collector, S. Shantz	27 74
Percentage on dup. of col. Ammon	33 35
Note of Herner's, outstanding	455 73
	$3,500 01

CR.

Amount paid teachers	$1,050 00
Fuel and contingencies	20 96
Cost of Boyd's school house	150 00
School furniture	153 30
Secretary's salary	20 00
Treasurer's fees	57 00
Abstracts	55 12
Boarding	24 50
Auditing	4 50
Printing tax notices	5 00
Attorney's fees	10 00
Purchasing ground and court expenses	38 64
Bounty refunded	100 00
Note of Herner's outstanding	455 73
Bal. in hands of collector Ammon	378 58
Amount paid on bond	212 07
	$3,500 01

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Cumberland township, certify that we have examined the above accounts and believe it to be correct.

SAMUEL A. COBEAN,
JOHN M. BLOCHER,
C. B. YOUNG,
Auditors.

Aug. 28, 1879. 3w

HARDWARE!

Charles Ziegler,

AT the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, and recently of B. W. Ziegler, on Baltimore street, opposite Huber's Drug Store, Gettysburg, has just received a full and complete assortment of goods suitable for a first-class

HARDWARE STORE,

which he now offers for sale on the CHEAP FOR CASH principle.

Persons Intending to Build

will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. His assortment of

TOOLS

for Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, &c., cannot be beat.

HOUSE-KEEPING DEPARTMENT is great variety, all kinds of IRON, OIL, PAINTS, CARRIAGE FINDINGS, SHOVELS, SPADES, FORKS,

and a thousand other articles. House-keepers and the public generally will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

May 29, 1879. tf

FOR SALE.

TWO THREE-YEAR OLD registered SHORT HORN BULLS, very gentle; Short Horn Bull Calves, from one to nine months old, some of them registered; Grade Short Horn and Jersey Bulls and Calves; fine large Short Horn Cows; and a lot of Poland China Hogs, very fine.

The above stock will be sold low. Parties intending to buy would do well to call and examine.

JAMES HERSH,
Meadow Valley,
Gettysburg, Pa.

July 3, 1879. tf

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale TWO PROPERTIES in Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.—the first being the Hoke property, on the west side of Rock creek, adjoining the Rock

LA
GUANO,
Phosphates,
ts and Potash.
RUSSELL
orter.
AN'S WHARF,
ORE, MD.

MONIALS:

GRANTS HILL, Adams co., Pa.,
Feb. 1st, 1878.
Mr. Russell: Gentlemen,—Joseph Leas has used your guano on his farm for the last two years, and he says he could see no difference between the part he used it on and the part he did not use it on. Rye and wheat could be seen in my wheat, would have
Respectfully Yours,
A. HOKE.

Cabbie Rock, Adams co., Pa., April 11, 1876.
Mr. Russell—Dear Sir: Your Celebrated Guano for Potatoes is perfectly satisfactory to me. In fact, I am so well pleased with it that I shall be more and more in the habit of using it.
Yours truly,
HENRY GALBREATH.

Mr. Russell, Pa., says: Gobbler Guano is reliable and pleasant.

ADAMS COUNTY, Pa.
Mr. New Oxford, J. B. RAFFENSPERGER.
Sept. 1, 1876. Sir:

& SON,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
LOADING SHOT GUNS.
GUNS from $2.75 to $7.50.
Rifles, Pistols and Sporting Goods at Lowest Prices.
GUNS, Pistols, from $7.50 to $40.00.
Rifles, Single and American, Double.
Celebrated Colt Pistols from $5.00 to $ 00

New Advertisements.
(DAUCHEAX)
Manufacturer for the Best & Finest Perfumery, Imported Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 25 per cent. Satisfaction guaranteed. Pittsburgh, Pa. Aug. 28, 4w

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 investment. Circular and Reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock of $10 to $50. Address, T. Potter Wright & Co., Bankers, 23 Wall St., N. Y.

$200 often makes $5M profit a week in Stocks. Write for explanation. Fortune's Weekly Financial Review, 2 Exchange Place, N. Y. "They enjoy the confidence of their numerous patrons."—N. Y. Star.

AGENTS WANTED for Smith's Bible Dictionary and Hudnut's Family Bibles.
NEW PICTORIAL BIBLES.
Prices reduced 25 per cent. A. J. HUBBARD & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEACHERS WANTED $50 to $100 per month, during the Spring & Summer. Full particulars free. Address, J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia.

Agents Wanted at once for the only complete and authentic work of the kind. OUR BIBLE, THE GREAT POINT OF ATTRACTION.

Gen. Grant Around the World.
Prices reduced. Agents wanted. Address the publishers, Hubbard Bros., Philadelphia, Pa., or Chicago, Ill., and secure the best territory. Agents report from 50 to 100 per day. Hundreds are doing well. Now is the time to make money. Circulars sent free. Address as above.

$200 to $500. Join Our Colony!
Send a postal card to J. T. SANCHA, Kansas City, Mo. Aug. 14, 4w

Enlarged July 1st, 1876. Price Unchanged.
THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE
is compounded according to the true Jamaican recipe with extract of Sarsaparilla and French Prunes, for correcting intermittent habits, for regulating the stomach and bowels, breaking up colds, curing fevers, its Sanford's Ginger. For relief in gouty and rheumatic pains, preventing malaria, and promoting sleep it is truly wonderful.
ASK for SANFORD'S

$5 to $10 a Dollar formerly spent on expensive quack Plasters is now saved by substituting the Celebrated
GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP
It heals as a charm, but infinitely better. Local diseases of the most inveterate kind and gout are all relieved by this Soap. Occasionally administer a dose of Glenn's Sulphur Soap, and it imparts to the skin a pearly whiteness and velvety softness, which greatly enhances female charms. Sold by Druggists.

Wedge Wire Screening.
(J. WEAVER & CO.)

New Advertisements.

$5 to $20 a day. Samples free. Address, Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$5 to $20 Per Day. Agents wanted everywhere. Business legitimate. Address, Co-Operative Agency, Marshall, Mich. Aug. 28, 3m

$5 to $20 per day. Samples free. Address, Wolverine Bros., Marshall, Mich.

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 4, 1879.

The Farm and House.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

The Mechanicsburg *Independent* has the following on the subject of fairs: "Some people assert, with a tremendous exhibition of earnestness and an equal assumption of knowledge, that agricultural fairs are useless and exhibitions of farm products a failure. Now, we cannot agree with these wiseacres. We fail to see why a farmer should not have his great day—devoted to his own industries—and managed by himself and friends for the exhibition of his products, the comparison of methods and results, and the encouragement of a friendly rivalry leading to improvement and general excellence in his work. The farmer has too few pleasure days that he can call his own, and when—as in the case of fairs—he may combine the useful with the agreeable in such admirable proportions, we are for holding him 'good speed,' and helping him on his way as best we can."

A WRITER in the *Farm Journal* seems to have a proper understanding of the farmer's position at this time and very correctly remarks: "The margin of profits to the farmer just now is close and sharp. The way to make farming pay is not to run off on side issues, and so neglect the business in hand, but by higher cultivation, improved methods of tillage, more economical management, and by greater industry seek to swell the profits. Promiscuous mixing of trades will do very well for gentlemen farmers who are not dependent for their bread and butter on farm products. For those who are dependent, it is better policy to do one thing at a time, do it well and with one's might."

ALEXANDER PEACH IN ENGLAND.—T. F. Rivers, of Sawbridgeworth, England, justly remarks in the London *Garden* that the Alexander and Amsden are so much alike that it is hardly necessary to grow both sorts. The Alexander ripened in the forcing house at that place on the 5th to the 10th of July, about ten days before the Early Beatrice; he thinks it will ripen on walls about July 20. The trees there have proved perfectly hardy—of course, for the tips of the shoots have never been afflicted by our sharpest winters here. Mr. R. adds that the Beatrice is too small; and that the Alexander is as large as the Grosse Mignonne. He expresses a little tremulous fear that through the refrigerating process on ships the Americans may yet inundate England with those early sorts.—*Country Gentleman.*

ABOUT FENCES.—It would seem that few farmers understand the great expense of fences. A forty-acre piece of land, if square, will require 320 rods (one mile) of fence to enclose it; if not square, but longer one way, it will cost still more fence to surround it. At the very least, fence will cost $1 per rod, making a cost of $320 to enclose forty acres of ground; then if it be cut into four lots, with a fence across it each way, (the shortest that can be done,) 160 rods more, adding $160 to the cost of the small farm fence; in all, $480 or $12 per acre—certainly a serious expense—a sum that would be much better expended in manure or fertilizers.

A NEW IDEA.—The editor of the Southern *Planter* says: "The other day we met a gentleman from Alabama, who gave us a piece of information as to ascertaining the age of a horse, after it has passed the ninth year, which was quite new to us, and will be, we are sure, to most of our readers. It is this: After the horse is nine years old, a wrinkle comes on the eyelid, at the upper corner of the lower lid, and every year thereafter he has one well defined wrinkle for each year of his age over nine. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles, he is twelve; if four, thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine, and you will always get at it. So says the gentleman; and he is confident it will never fail."

OATS AND WHEAT.—The experiment has been made of sowing oats and wheat together with a view to gaining a winter covering for the wheat. The seed, in the proportion of one part of oats to two parts of wheat was sown in the fall and the oats sprung up quickly and were killed by the early frost, the stalks and leaves lying on the ground all winter, keeping the snow from blowing away and preventing the sun from thawing the frozen ground. In the spring the dead oats made a good top dressing for the growing wheat. The crop of wheat secured on the following season was reported to be excellent, while wheat on adjoining land planted in the usual manner was of no value.—*Scribner for September.*

KEEPING GRAPES.—The Southern California *Horticulturist* recommends the following mode: Spread the carefully cut fruit thinly on shelves or tables for a few days, to dry up the stems a little. Then cut clean, dry rye straw in a straw-cutter about an inch long, and cover liberally the bottom of a suitable tightly-jointed box, on which place a moderate layer of fruit; then cover with the cut straw liberally, and lay on fruit again, and thus proceed. Put them in a cool, dry place, and the grapes will keep sound for several months.

HOW TO CHOOSE A GOOD COW.—A crumply horn is a good indication, a full eye another. Her head should be small and short. Avoid a Roman nose, which indicates thin milk and little or it. See that she is dished in the face—sunk between the eyes. Notice that she is what stock men call a good handler—skin soft and loose, like the skin of a dog; deep from the loin to the udder and a very slim tail. A cow with these marks never fails to be a good milker.

CELERY.—This delicious vegetable is not generally appreciated as a cooking vegetable. Wash the stems clean in salt and water, and drop them into boiling water; after boiling twenty minutes, take up and drain; place some toasted bread in the bottom of a dish, lay the celery upon it, and season with butter, pepper and salt.

APPLES AND BACON.—Cut some nice sweet bacon into thin slices and fry almost to a crispness. Have prepared some greenings, pared, cored and sliced, and fry in the fat left in the pan from the bacon. The bacon should be kept hot until the apples are ready, when they should be taken and placed upon the slices of meat.

FISH CAKES.—Pare and boil two quarts of potatoes; put one pound of salt codfish in about one quart of cool water; let it come to a boil; then pick up fine and put in cool water again and bring to a boil; pour off the water, and then mix well together; make into balls or cakes, and fry brown with clear salt pork.

SIMPLE REMEDY.—Dr. Waters recommends bicarbonate of soda (ill common use as "baking powder") in the treatment of burns. The method of application is to dust the soda liberally on the burn, and cover with a wet cloth. The application, already published, is repeated here to vouch for its efficacy in removing pain.

TO CURE WEAK EYES.—Take rose leaves, the more the better, and put them into a little water; then boil, after this strain it into a bottle and cork tight. You will find this liquid very beneficial in removing redness and weakness from the eyes.

IF fine cut tobacco be sprinkled under the edge of carpets, and under those places where bureaus, book cases and the like make it dark, the moths will be prevented from laying their eggs in them, as it will drive them away.

POSTAGE stamp mucilage is made of 2 oz. dextrine, 1 oz. acetic acid, 5 oz. water, 1 oz. alcohol.

CLEAN oil-cloth with milk and water: a brush and soap will ruin them.

A SHIPMENT of $80,000 in coin was made last week to the United States by the Bank of England.

FARMERS,
Look to Your Interests!

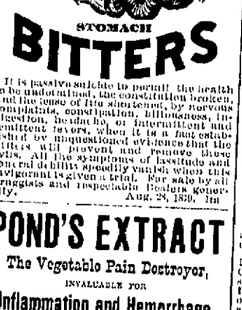
THE BRUCEVILLE PHOSPHATE
Is Sold CHEAPER
THAN ANY OTHER OF ITS QUALITY.

PRICES,
AT GETTYSBURG AND HANOVER:
No. 1, $41 per ton cash or $45 on 90 days.
No. 2, $40 cash or $43 on 90 days.
Raw Bone, $35 cash or $40 on 90 days.
Dissolved Bone, $35 cash or $40 on 90 days.
South Carolina Bone $25 cash or $30 on 90 days. All other Phosphates sold.
AT GETTYSBURG:
No. 1, $40 cash or $43 on 90 days.
No. 2, $39 cash or $42 on 90 days.
Raw Bone, $36 cash or $37 on 90 days.
Dissolved Bone, $36 cash or $37 on 90 days.

Matthew G. Huff,
LITTLESTOWN,
Agent for York and Adams Counties.
July 31, 1879. 3m

PASSMORE & COPE'S
HIGH GRADE
BONE
Super-Phosphate
THE
CHAMPION
FERTILIZER.
Warranted PURE.
GUARANTEED ANALYSIS
STAMPED ON EVERY BAG.
HAS NO SUPERIOR
For the production of
Grain and Grass
AND THE
Permanent Improvement
OF THE LAND,
THE HIGH
Chemical Standard
Of this manure is
STRICTLY MAINTAINED,
while its Mechanical Condition is being
Constantly Improved.
We confidently refer to the majority of the best Farmers in Adams county who use Phosphates.
C. J. TYSON, Gen. Agent.
FLORADALE,
May 22, 1879. tf Adams county, Pa.

THE
Celebrated Beer
MADE BY THE
Bergner & Engel Brewing Company,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
SOLD BY KEG OR IN BOTTLES BY
AMBROSE SCHMIDT,
HANOVER, PA.
Agent for Hanover, Gettysburg, Littlestown and surrounding country. For sale at Ramer's Hotel in Gettysburg.
July 31, 1879. 3m*

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
It is passing sinfulness to permit the health to be undermined, the constitution broken, and the sense of life shortened, by nervous complaints, constipation, biliousness, indigestion, headache, or intermittent and remittent fevers, when it is a fact established by unquestioned evidence that this Bitters will prevent and remove these evils. All the symptoms of lassitude and general debility speedily vanish when this invigorant is given a trial. For sale by all druggists and respectable dealers generally.
Aug. 28, 1878. 1m

POND'S EXTRACT
The Vegetable Pain Destroyer,
INVALUABLE FOR
Inflammation and Hemorrhage,
Piles, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Soreness, Rheumatism, Boils, Tumors, Old Sores, Wounds, etc. Also for Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Colic, Diarrhœa, and all Hemorrhages, &c.
It is acknowledged by Physicians of all schools that Pond's Extract has more wonderful curative properties than any other remedy. No form of Inflammation, Pain, Soreness or Bleeding, but it will cure. Space will not admit of naming all the diseases for which it is a specific; but we will send a history of its uses by mail, on application. The startling results of using the Extract as a toilet requisite has induced us to prepare modified forms of the Extract for a Toilet Soap (25c. a box of 3 cakes), the stick ($1.00 a bottle), a Dentifrice (50c.), a Lip Salve (25c.).
For sensitive and severe cases of Catarrh, our Catarrh Cure (75c.) used with our Nasal Syringe (75c.), is a radical cure. Our Inhaler (50c.) for Lung and Throat Diseases and internal bleeding is invaluable. Our Ointment (50c.) for Sores, Piles, &c., should be kept in every family. Our Plasters excel all others. Use our Medicated Paper to prevent and cure Piles and Chafing.
The base of all our Toilet and Medicinal preparations is Pond's Extract, which is a guarantee that they are superior, and deserve the confidence of the public. Sold by all Druggists.
Prepared only by
POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,
New York and London.
April 17, 1879 1y

HAPPOLDT & CASSAT,
GRANITE STONE CUTTERS,
S. Washington street, within half a square of the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
ASHLERS, POSTS, SILLS, PLATFORMS, CURB-STONES, STEPS, CEMETERY CURB, BASES, TOMBS, MONUMENTS, &c., &c.
All kinds of work at LOWEST PRICES. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Estimates Furnished on Application.
July 10, 1879. 3m*

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!
Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical treatment (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.
Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and thoroughly.
Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.
Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL COMPANY,
P. O. Box, 4586. 41 Ann St., New York.
July 10, 1879. [Oct. 10, 1878. 1y

The Gettysburg
AMMONIATED
Bone Superphosphate.
The High Chemical Standard
with the privilege to sell manufactured, makes this one of
THE MOST RELIABLE
Phosphates ever offered to the farmers of Adams county. It has been in use since 1876 by the side of nearly all other phosphates, and has proven to be equal to any for GRAIN AND GRASS, and better than many others as a general
Improver of the Soil,
IT IS
WARRANTED TO BE PURE,
with a guaranteed analysis on every bag.
Analysis:
Superphosphate of Bone 16 to 18 per cent.; Ammonia 2 to 3; Potash 3 to 4.
Price per Ton, $36,
one year's time, with interest from the first of January, 1880.
BOBLITZ & BLOCHER,
Gettysburg, Pa.
July 17, 1879. 12w

Newton M. Horner
HAS just received a large lot of FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS, consisting in part of
Wheeler No. 5 Mower,
which is a light iron Mower embracing many strong points, and ranks second to none in the market.
The Wheeler No. 6
some of the best and most complete combined self-rake reaping and mowing machine in use. It is made nearly all of iron and steel. Reference can be had to the many farmers who use them in the county.
THE OSBORNE NO. 9
is a self-binding harvester. One man can drive the team and operate the machine. It binds the sheaf with wire and drops it off, ready for the shocker. This new harvester is now being introduced in this country. It is the most popular harvester in the market. Also for sale the
KIRBY REAPERS AND MOWERS.
The above described machinery is manufactured by the D. M. Osborne Company, at Auburn, N. Y.
Also all machines that are manufactured by C. E. Mast & Co., of Springfield, Ohio, consisting in part of the Buckeye Grain Drill, which wears all kinds of grain and combs the seed in the drill, and distributes it broadcast or in rows. Also
BUCKEYE WAGONS, COLD CUTTING AND BUCKLE RIDING COVINGTON CORN SHELLERS, BUCKEYE CIDER MILLS, SILVER AND DEMING FEED CUTTERS. Also the
Turbine Wind Engine,
manufactured by Mast, Foote & Company of Springfield, Ohio.
Also for sale Sellers & Reynolds' Grain Fans, Horse Rakes at 40 dollars, Plows, Plows, Glen Rock Chilled Plough, Glen Rock Bar, Plough, and the Pittsburgh Steel Plough of different kinds, Double shovel Plough and various other improved ploughs. Also pure Slaughter-house Poudrette from Baltimore and ingredients for phosphates for sale.
All Machines and Implements sold are of the best in the market. Farmers and others are invited to call and examine Mill, adjoining the Brewery in Gettysburg, where the machinery is kept, at the Railroad, Implements can be seen; where I will be or person (Mr. Oyler) on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, and will be glad to show these implements. Give me a call and satisfy yourselves. Also on hand and for sale a lot of cedar posts.
N. O. Oyler, Agent, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 5, 78. tf NEWTON M. HORNER

New Stove Store.
TIN-WARE, &C.
A. J. SMITH
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has opened a new Store and Tin-ware establishment, on Baltimore street, a few doors south of the Court-house and nearly opposite the Compiler office, GETTYSBURG, PA., where he offers a large variety of
Cook Stoves & Ranges
of the latest and most approved makes, and to which he would earnestly call the attention of the public. His extensive assortment of
TIN-WARE
embraces every article the housekeeper can need, with any quantity of novelties—and all sold at the lowest living profits. To get an idea of his full and attractive stock, buyers must call and see for themselves.
Spouting and Roofing
made a specialty, having long experience at both.
LIGHTNING RODS
put up in a reliable manner and for less money than traveling agents ask.
REPAIRING of all kinds done promptly neatly and cheaply.
CALL AND BE SATISFIED.
April 10, 1879. tf

Pittenturf & Wilson,
GRANITE STONE-CUTTERS,
Corner of Washington and High Sts.,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
(POWERS'S OLD STAND.)
Door Sills, Ashler, Platforms, Steps, Curb Stones, Cemetery Curb, Posts, Bases, Monuments, etc., etc.
ALL KINDS OF WORK AT
LOWEST PRICES.
Estimates made when desired. Call before contracting elsewhere.
April 10, 1879. tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKING.
Mrs. Ziegler
IS prepared to MAKE DRESSES at short notice. She will also furnish the latest patterns at reasonable prices. Also Pressing, Braiding and Embroidery, Pillow Shams, Toilet Sets, Sets for Sacks, and Slipper Initials, all fashionable patterns. Everything done at reasonable rates.
Gettysburg, Nov. 18, 1878. tf

WM. WIBLE
Has on hand a large assortment of
Agricultural Implements and Machinery,
CONSISTING OF
Reapers & Mowers
of the very latest and most approved patterns.
Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Wagons, Cultivators, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, the best Grain Drill in the Market, Fanning Mills, Chopping Mills, Threshing Machines, Separators, Steam Engines, and Farm Implements and Machinery of all kinds.
In connection with our implements, we keep on hand PHOSPHATES of the various brands. The
Farmers' Bone Phosphate
is the best for all crops in the market. We have a fertilizer especially for Corn, Oats and Potatoes. Also a Fine Salt Ground Alum, with all the ingredients for making Phosphates. Also
Salt and Plaster.
WITH
Flour and Feed of All Kinds.
Farmers Wanting a Good Reaper
Should not fail to call and examine ours before buying, as we will show an shortcomings and warrant them to give satisfaction or money.
TAKE NOTICE.
We give two Cutter Bars and three Knives with each machine. Our Machinery is all of the best material and latest improved.
Thankful for past patronage, we ask all wanting anything in our line to give us a call, at our Warehouse in Gettysburg, corner of Railroad and Washington Streets.
WM. WIBLE,
May 17, 1878. tf AGENT.
Season of 1879!
E. FRANK COE'S
SUPERPHOSPHATE.
Warranted genuine.—Made of Pure Bone. No adulterants to make certain of an order on contract. Refer to James J. Wills and J. E. Hunt, Esqrs.
Champion Reaper & Mower.
The only complete iron-frame Machine in the Market, and 10,000 now in use.
True's Potato Planter.
Cuts and drops sound potatoes and adds fertilizer. One man can plant 40 to 50 in a day.
Wisner Horse Rake.
Any fitting for boy that can drive a quiet horse can rake the hay as well as the strongest man.
FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL
A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributor, and a combined Grain and Fertilizer Drill.
Randall's Grain Fan.
You can take out the best of grain or seed, and leave no balance in a more orderly and reasonable condition.
Kissell's Corn Plow.
1 Boy Pattern—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.
Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.
Not excelled by any others.
Steam Engines.
The Eclipse portable and stationary manufactured by Frick & Co., Waynesboro'. Also Stationary Engines and Boilers, Threshing and Saw Mills, &c.
To be seen at the Warehouse of Our Business, Gettysburg.
James Bigham, Agent.
April 30, 1878. tf

ZIEGLER & HOLTZWORTH.
Livery, Sales and Exchange
STABLES,
WASHINGTON ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
THIS undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.
They invite all parties wishing to visit the Battlefield will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for Guides. GIVE US A CALL.
W. H. ZIEGLER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH.
March 8, 1875. tf

TO THE PEOPLE
OF
ADAMS COUNTY.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL SELL
CLOTHING
AT
The Philadelphia Clothing Store,
South-east Corner of the Centre Square, GETTYSBURG,
Where you will find my goods made up in the latest style, of the best materials and workmanship.
Men's and Boy's Clothing and Furnishings in Great Variety.
SUITS FROM $3.50 UPWARDS.
Good White Shirts as low as 65 Cents.
Don't forget to call and examine goods and prices.
H. B. DANNER.
April 3, 1876. 6m

ATTENTION!
A New Store
IN BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO.
THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he has opened a
NEW STORE,
(glass front,) on the Diamond, in Bendersville, Adams county, Pa., where he offers an immense assortment of Goods at prices
Lower than Ever!
EVERY LINE OF
DRESS GOODS
for ladies and gentlemen; Clothing, a grand stock; Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, and indeed everything that any property owner into a first-class country store. Come from near and far, and save money by buying for CASH from
JACOB MARX.
All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods. NO RISKS KEPT.
May 8, 1879. 1y DON'T ASK FOR TICKETS.

REMOVAL.
SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,
MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF
Wagons, Carriages,
BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc.
Has removed his shop to the north end of Carlisle street, where he will continue to do all work in the best and cheapest manner. Solicits a share of public patronage.
Gettysburg, Nov. 25, 1877. 1

GLOBE INN,
York Street, near Centre Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
F. S. RAMER, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The table will be supplied with the best accommodations and every effort will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in attendance.
Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.
April 18, 1878. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,
Gettysburg, Pa.
HAVING leased the above well-known House, hope, with long experience and public favor, to make it a pleasant resort for the citizen and stranger. SPECIAL RATES for patrons living in the county, persons and witnesses attending court.
H. YINGLING,
Nov. 7, 1878. tf PROPRIETOR.

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,
Gettysburg, Pa.
PETER THORN, Prop.
THE pleasantly located Hotel at the intersection of Baltimore street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, offers excellent accommodations at moderate rates. The house is roomy and airy, and in good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the market, and the bar choice liquors. In addition, Peter is always on hand to give attention to his guests, doubling it a pleasure to minister to their comfort, and reserve their good will and favor. Give him a call and you will be pleased with the "battle-field" and its attractive proprietor.
April 12, 1878. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Jacob Klunk, Prop'r.
THE undersigned, having leased this eligibly located Hotel, on Baltimore street, a few doors from the Court-house, in the pleasant town of Gettysburg, asks his old friends and the public to give him a call. The rooms are large and airy, and furnished in the best and fullest style—beds not to be surpassed anywhere. His table shall always have the best of the season, and the bar none but choice liquors. A careful hostling attended with an attentive hostler. Charges moderate. The undersigned intends himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central will be more than satisfied with the treatment, fare and bills.
April 5, 1877. tf JACOB KLUNK.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
I. D. W. STONESIFER
PROPRIETOR.
THE Proprietor desires to inform the public that he has leased, refitted and remodeled this Hotel. The accommodations are first-class, and the patronage of the hotel and traveling public is solicited. Every effort made to please. Extensive and Choicest Bar, with the best Liquors, Wines, Segars, &c.
A LIVERY STABLE
is connected with the House. Horses and Buggies hired on liberal terms. Also has a Top Buggy Salesman.
Ample Room for Traveling Salesmen.
March 27, 1878. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,
New Oxford,
ADAMS COUNTY, PA.
THE undersigned having purchased the Martin Hotel property in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in the future under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He solicits a share of the patronage of the commercial travelers, the table shall have the best the market can afford and his bar shall be stocked with the choicest liquors. His chambers are airy and cannot fail to give satisfaction. There is accommodation for stabling attached to the Hotel which will be attended by a proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage and will always try to merit the favor of the public.
Reservoir, Remember the "Eagle" is the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.
March 13, 1878. tf J. H. WIEST.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
COURTLAND STREET, Near Broadway,
NEW YORK.
HOPKINS & POND, Proprietors.
—ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—
The restaurant, cafe and lunch room attached, are unsurpassed for elegance and excellence of service. Rooms 50 cents to $2 per day, $3 to $10 per week. Convenient to all ferries and city railroads.
New Furniture. New Management.
Jan. 10, 1878. 1y

NEW BAKERY.
PHILIP HENNIG
Has opened a new bakery on York St., Gettysburg, Pa., (Christine's old stand,) and will keep constantly on hand
BREAD, ROLLS, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c.,
made of the best flour and warranted to give satisfaction in all cases.
Families supplied regularly, and orders promptly attended to.
Give me a call, as I hope by strict attention to business, to merit patronage.
Nov. 11, 1875. tf

CHEAP
GOODS
AT
Fahnestock Bros.
LATE ARRIVALS.
Gettysburg, May 22, 1879. tf

BLATCHLEY'S PUMPS
The Old Reliable
STANDARD PUMP

For Wells 10 to 75 Feet Deep
NEW PRICE, LEST JAN. 1 1870.
ADDRESS
C. G. BLATCHLEY,
440 Market St., Philadelph.
April 10, 79. 6m

BOOK BINDING
—DONE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.—
MAGAZINES, NEW & SECOND-HANDED
Furnished to complete volumes or sets.
SUBSCRIPTIONS
For all kinds of Periodicals received at lowest cash rates.
C. E. AUGHINBAUGH,
Room over Star & Sentinel Office,
March 1, 1878. tf Gettysburg.

OLD AND RELIABLE.
DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.
TRY IT.
SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR
To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order. Its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sick Headache, and other Disorders.
The Liver is the seat of material diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influence. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.
The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 293 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.
AT DRUGGISTS, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
April 17, 1879. 1y

THE BEST
FANNING MILL
In the World.
BUY THE RACINE FANNING MILL. It cleans perfectly oats, clover, cockle, and all foul matter from wheat. It grades and separates for seeding and market, cleans all kinds of small seeds and will save an farmer its cost annually.
Address, E. W. STABLE,
Mummasburg,
Sole Agent for Adams county.
June 19, 1879. 3m

NEW OXFORD
CARRIAGE WORKS,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.
THE undersigned, having purchased of the New Oxford Carriage Works, has put up a large lot of first-class vehicles, which he is selling at prices that must defy competition. His line of
NEW BUGGIES
embraces FALLING-TOPS, STANHOPS, COUPES and NO-TOPS—also on hand or made to order FALLING-TOP CARRIAGES, GERMANTOWNS, PHAETONS, JAGGERS, and Light Spring Wagons.
None but the best workmen are employed and none but the best materials. All jobs warranted one year. Work and prices cannot fail to please, and repairers are invited to call and see for themselves.
REPAIRING done neatly, cheaply and promptly done.
H. B. DICKS.
May 22, 1879. 6m

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Incorporated March 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—Samuel R. Russell.
Vice President—Robert G. McCreary.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—C. H. Palmer.
Executive Committee—Robert McCandy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—S. R. Russell, D. A. Buehler, R. McCandy, L. G. Palmer, C. H. Palmer, H. A. Picking, Jacob King, Stephen Forney, Gettysburg; Wm. Bigham, Wm. Wright, Samuel Berlin, Abdon Yingling, A. W. Stone, Bonlon, York Springs.
This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than a 27 years, and in the past has made but one assessment, and has paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $18,000. Any person desiring insurance can apply to either of the Managers.
The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
July 21, 1879. tf

CHARLES H. STALLSMITH,
Carpenter & Builder
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WILL do all work promptly, at reasonable figures and in the most satisfactory manner. Has a long experience in the business.
Orders left at his residence, West Middle street, will receive immediate attention.
References—Prof. E. E. Heidenbaugh and Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Oct. 31, 1878. tf

Farmers and Everybody.
LOOK HERE!
Earthen Drain
AND
FIELD TILES
CAN be had of JOHN BUEHLER, on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, or at his residence in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg will receive prompt attention.
Price for Tiles, per thousand, $25 for 2-inch, $35 for 3-inch, $45 for 4-inch, $65 for 5-inch, $85 for 6-inch, $125 for 8-inch, $175 for 10-inch, $225 for 12-inch, $300 for 14-inch, $400 for 16-inch, $500 for 18-inch, $600 for 20-inch, $700 for 22-inch, $800 for 24-inch, $1000 for 30-inch, $1200 for 36-inch, $1500 for 40-inch, $1800 for 48-inch, $2000 for 54-inch, $2500 for 60-inch, $3000 for 72-inch, $3500 for 80-inch, $4000 for 90-inch, $4500 for 96-inch, $5000 for 108-inch, $6000 for 120-inch, $7000 for 132-inch, $8000 for 144-inch, $9000 for 156-inch, $10,000 for 168-inch, $11,000 for 180-inch, $12,000 for 192-inch, $13,000 for 204-inch, $14,000 for 216-inch, $15,000 for 228-inch, $16,000 for 240-inch, $17,000 for 252-inch, $18,000 for 264-inch, $19,000 for 276-inch, $20,000 for 288-inch, $21,000 for 300-inch, $22,000 for 312-inch, $23,000 for 324-inch, $24,000 for 336-inch, $25,000 for 348-inch, $26,000 for 360-inch, $27,000 for 372-inch, $28,000 for 384-inch, $29,000 for 396-inch, $30,000 for 408-inch, $31,000 for 420-inch, $32,000 for 432-inch, $33,000 for 444-inch, $34,000 for 456-inch, $35,000 for 468-inch, $36,000 for 480-inch, $37,000 for 492-inch, $38,000 for 504-inch, $39,000 for 516-inch, $40,000 for 528-inch, $41,000 for 540-inch, $42,000 for 552-inch, $43,000 for 564-inch, $44,000 for 576-inch, $45,000 for 588-inch, $46,000 for 600-inch, $47,000 for 612-inch, $48,000 for 624-inch, $49,000 for 636-inch, $50,000 for 648-inch, $51,000 for 660-inch, $52,000 for 672-inch, $53,000 for 684-inch, $54,000 for 696-inch, $55,000 for 708-inch, $56,000 for 720-inch, $57,000 for 732-inch, $58,000 for 744-inch, $59,000 for 756-inch, $60,000 for 768-inch, $61,000 for 780-inch, $62,000 for 792-inch, $63,000 for 804-inch, $64,000 for 816-inch, $65,000 for 828-inch, $66,000 for 840-inch, $67,000 for 852-inch, $68,000 for 864-inch, $69,000 for 876-inch, $70,000 for 888-inch, $71,000 for 900-inch, $72,000 for 912-inch, $73,000 for 924-inch, $74,000 for 936-inch, $75,000 for 948-inch, $76,000 for 960-inch, $77,000 for 972-inch, $78,000 for 984-inch, $79,000 for 996-inch, $80,000 for 1008-inch, $81,000 for 1020-inch, $82,000 for 1032-inch, $83,000 for 1044-inch, $84,000 for 1056-inch, $85,000 for 1068-inch, $86,000 for 1080-inch, $87,000 for 1092-inch, $88,000 for 1104-inch, $89,000 for 1116-inch, $90,000 for 1128-inch, $91,000 for 1140-inch, $92,000 for 1152-inch, $93,000 for 1164-inch, $94,000 for 1176-inch, $95,000 for 1188-inch, $96,000 for 1200-inch, $97,000 for 1212-inch, $98,000 for 1224-inch, $99,000 for 1236-inch, $100,000 for 1248-inch, $101,000 for 1260-inch, $102,000 for 1272-inch, $103,000 for 1284-inch, $104,000 for 1296-inch, $105,000 for 1308-inch, $106,000 for 1320-inch, $107,000 for 1332-inch, $108,000 for 1344-inch, $109,000 for 1356-inch, $110,000 for 1368-inch, $111,000 for 1380-inch, $112,000 for 1392-inch, $113,000 for 1404-inch, $114,000 for 1416-inch, $115,000 for 1428-inch, $116,000 for 1440-inch, $117,000 for 1452-inch, $118,000 for 1464-inch, $119,000 for 1476-inch, $120,000 for 1488-inch, $121,000 for 1500-inch, $122,000 for 1512-inch, $123,000 for 1524-inch, $124,000 for 1536-inch, $125,000 for 1548-inch, $126,000 for 1560-inch, $127,000 for 1572-inch, $128,000 for 1584-inch, $129,000 for 1596-inch, $130,000 for 1608-inch, $131,000 for 1620-inch, $132,000 for 1632-inch, $133,000 for 1644-inch, $134,000 for 1656-inch, $135,000 for 1668-inch, $136,000 for 1680-inch, $137,000 for 1692-inch, $138,000 for 1704-inch, $139,000 for 1716-inch, $140,000 for 1728-inch, $141,000 for 1740-inch, $142,000 for 1752-inch, $143,000 for 1764-inch, $144,000 for 1776-inch, $145,000 for 1788-inch, $146,000 for 1800-inch, $147,000 for 1812-inch, $148,000 for 1824-inch, $149,000 for 1836-inch, $150,000 for 1848-inch, $151,000 for 1860-inch, $152,000 for 1872-inch, $153,000 for 1884-inch, $154,000 for 1896-inch, $155,000 for 1908-inch, $156,000 for 1920-inch, $157,000 for 1932-inch, $158,000 for 1944-inch, $159,000 for 1956-inch, $160,000 for 1968-inch, $161,000 for 1980-inch, $162,000 for 1992-inch, $163,000 for 2004-inch, $164,000 for 2016-inch, $165,000 for 2028-inch, $166,000 for 2040-inch, $167,000 for 2052-inch, $168,000 for 2064-inch, $169,000 for 2076-inch, $170,000 for 2088-inch, $171,000 for 2100-inch, $172,000 for 2112-inch, $173,000 for 2124-inch, $174,000 for 2136-inch, $175,000 for 2148-inch, $176,000 for 2160-inch, $177,000 for 2172-inch, $178,000 for 2184-inch, $179,000 for 2196-inch, $180,000 for 2208-inch, $181,000 for 2220-inch, $182,000 for 2232-inch, $183,000 for 2244-inch, $184,000 for 2256-inch, $185,000 for 2268-inch, $186,000 for 2280-inch, $187,000 for 2292-inch, $188,000 for 2304-inch, $189,000 for 2316-inch, $190,000 for 2328-inch, $191,000 for 2340-inch, $192,000 for 2352-inch, $193,000 for 2364-inch, $194,000 for 2376-inch, $195,000 for 2388-inch, $196,000 for 2400-inch, $197,000 for 2412-inch, $198,000 for 2424-inch, $199,000 for 2436-inch, $200,000 for 2448-inch, $201,000 for 2460-inch, $202,000 for 2472-inch, $203,000 for 2484-inch, $204,000 for 2496-inch, $205,000 for 2508-inch, $206,000 for 2520-inch, $207,000 for 2532-inch, $208,000 for 2544-inch, $209,000 for 2556-inch, $210,000 for 2568-inch, $211,000 for 2580-inch, $212,000 for 2592-inch, $213,000 for 2604-inch, $214,000 for 2616-inch, $215,000 for 2628-inch, $216,000 for 2640-inch, $217,000 for 2652-inch, $218,000 for 2664-inch, $219,000 for 2676-inch, $220,000 for 2688-inch, $221,000 for 2700-inch, $222,000 for 2712-inch, $223,000 for 2724-inch, $224,000 for 2736-inch, $225,000 for 2748-inch, $226,000 for 2760-inch, $227,000 for 2772-inch, $228,000 for 2784-inch, $229,000 for 2796-inch, $230,000 for 2808-inch, $231,000 for 2820-inch, $232,000 for 2832-inch, $233,000 for 2844-inch, $234,000 for 2856-inch, $235,000 for 2868-inch, $236,000 for 2880-inch, $237,000 for 2892-inch, $238,000 for 2904-inch, $239,000 for 2916-inch, $240,000 for 2928-inch, $241,000 for 2940-inch, $242,000 for 2952-inch, $243,000 for 2964-inch, $244,000 for 2976-inch, $245,000 for 2988-inch, $246,000 for 3000-inch, $247,000 for 3012-inch, $248,000 for 3024-inch, $249,000 for 3036-inch, $250,000 for 3048-inch, $251